

CHANGE THE WORLD FROM HERE

# Casting

### CS 272 Software Development

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## Casting

### • **Upcasting** (or **implicit** casting)

- References an object as its superclass
- Only access methods in the superclasses
- **Downcasting** (or **explicit** casting)
  - References an object as its subclass
  - Allows access to methods in the subclass



### Casting

- Does not change the **type** of object, only changes the **reference** (or identifier) to an object
- With overridden methods, will call the method associated with the object type (<u>not</u> the reference)
- Can use casting to create **generalized** methods that work on multiple subclasses



#### Module java.base Package java.lang

#### **Class Double**

java.lang.Object java.lang.Number java.lang.Double

All Implemented Interfaces:

Serializable, Comparable<Double>, Constable, ConstantDesc

public final class Double
extends Number
implements Comparable<Double>, Constable, ConstantDesc

The Double class wraps a value of the primitive type double in an object. An object of type Double contains a single field whose type is double.

https://www.cs.usfca.edu/~cs272/javadoc/api/java.base/java/lang/Double.html

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## **Casting Syntax**

- 1. // Upcasting Examples
- 2. Number n = Double.valueOf(3.14);
- 3. Object o = n;
- 4.
- 5. // Downcasting Example
- 6. Double d = (Double) n;

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### **Explicit Casting**

- 1. // Throws a ClassCastException
- Object a = new StringBuilder("3.14"); 2.
- 3. Double b = (Double) a;



## **Questions?**

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